

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

777 April 28, 1905

year, to 16.1 per thousand of the population, thus being higher than the rate for the same week of last year, in which it amounted only to 14.2 per thousand. Of the large German towns and cities, two-thirds showed less favorable health conditions than Berlin. The following places had a considerably higher rate of mortality than Berlin, namely: Hamburg, Bremen, Magdeburg, Leipzig, Dresden, Nuremberg, Munich, Stuttgart, Aix la Chapelle, Breslau, Königsberg, and Rixdorf (with 20.7), as well as Paris and Vienna. The following cities, on the other hand, had a lower death rate than Berlin, viz: Halle, Hanover, Brunswick, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Cassel, Charlottenburg (with 13 per thousand), Schöneberg (with 9.1), also London. The infant mortality rate, amounting to 3.7 per year and thousand, was lower than the Hamburg, Munich, and Leipzig rate. There were registered: 128 deaths from phthisis pulmonalis, 103 deaths from acute diseases of the respiratory organs (including 8 from influenza), 40 deaths from cancer, 7 deaths from diphtheria, 6 deaths from measles, and 5 deaths from scarlet fever. Finally, 12 persons died by violence.

GUATEMALA.

Report from Livingston, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Peters reports as follows: Week ended April 8, 1905. Present officially estimated population, 3,500; no deaths; prevailing diseases, malarial; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Apr. 4 6	Olympia. Belize	41 17	20 5	0 0	0

The steamship Olympia cleared from Puerto Barrios.

HONDURAS.

Reports from Ceiba, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Robertson reports as follows: Week ended April 8, 1905. Present officially estimated population about 4,000; 1 death. Prevailing diseases, malarial, mostly mild form; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good. Number of aliens sailing from this port during week, 2.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disin- fected.
Apr. 1 5 7 8	Jos. Vaccaro	28 16 17 15	3 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0

Week ended April 15, 1905: One death; prevailing diseases, malarial, mostly mild type; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good. Number of aliens sailing from this port during week, 2.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disin- fected.
Apr. 12	Jamaica	17	1	0	0·
12	Harold	20	0	0	0·
14	Jos. Vaccaro	29	5	0	0·

Number of aliens sailing from this port during week, 2.

Report from Puerto Cortez, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carter reports as follows: Week ended April 7, 1905. Present officially estimated population, 4,000; one death; prevailing diseases, malarial fever of mild type and a few cases of grippe; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Apr. 1 4 4 6 7	Viator Hiram Columbia Olympia Espana	17 14 17 41 17	0 0 0 10 0	$egin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 26 \\ 0 \\ \end{bmatrix}$	0. 0. 0. 0.

Number of aliens sailing during week, 1.

INDIA.

Report from Bombay—Mortality—Cholera, plague, and smallpox— Smallpox epidemic decreasing.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hume reports, April 1, as follows:

Mortality.

	Week ended—		
	Mar. 21, 1905.	Mar. 28, 1905.	
Plague deaths	648 43, 42	652 43, 69	
Plague mortality per 1,000 Smallpox deaths Cholera deaths	143	127	
Fotal deaths Fotal mortality per 1.000	1,473	$1,42\overline{4}$ $95,45$	

A gradual diminution in the smallpox epidemic is noted.